



Preamble

We, the Peoples of the United Nations, *wishing*.

Declaration
des Droits
de l'Homme

1. - Considering that ignorance and contempt of human rights have been among the principal causes of the sufferings of humanity and, in particular, of the massacres which have polluted the World during the two World Wars; and

Preamble of
Sec. Draft

2. - Whereas there can be no peace unless human rights and freedoms are respected; and there can be no human freedom or dignity unless war and the threat of war is abolished; and *to avoid all wanton*

Charter and
U.K. Draft

3. - Whereas the institution of conditions wherein human beings, free to speak and believe, will be protected against fear and want has been proclaimed as the supreme aim of the recent strife; and

Charter and
U.K. Draft

4. - Whereas, in the Charter of June 26th 1945, we have reaffirmed our faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in equality of the rights of men and women; and

U.K. Draft

5. - Whereas it is one of the purposes of the United Nations to achieve international cooperation in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion; and

U.K. Draft

6. - Whereas the enjoyment of such rights and freedoms by all persons must be protected by the Commonwealth of Nations and secured by international as well as national laws;

Now, therefore, we the Peoples of the United Nations have resolved to define in a solemn Declaration the essential rights and fundamental freedoms of man, so that this Declaration, being for ever present to the minds of all members of the human community, may constantly remind them of their rights and duties and that the United Nations

-2-
Organization and the Member States may constantly apply the principles so declared; and
Have therefore adopted the following Declaration:

CHAPTER I *General Principles*

All members of the same family shall be subordinate
Article 1 - Human beings belonging to the community of Mankind are free of equal dignity and rights and must consider themselves as brothers.

To objectivity fairly
Article 2 - It is the duty of every community to give each of its members equal opportunity for the full development of his physical, intellectual and moral personality, without one being sacrificed to others.

and support of the community
Article 3 - As human beings cannot live and develop themselves without the help of the community, each one owes to the community fundamental duties which are: obedience to law, exercise of a useful activity, willing acceptance of obligations and sacrifices demanded for the common good.

In the exercise of his authority
Article 4 - The rights of each one are limited by the rights of others.

Art. 2 Sec.
Draft and U.S.

Article 5 - Law is equal for all. It commands to public authorities and judges as well as to individuals. Everything that is not prohibited by law cannot be legally prevented.

All are equal before the law

CHAPTER II

The right to life and physical integrity.

This shall be respects
Article 6 - Everyone has the right to life and physical integrity. No one, even, when guilty, shall be subjected to torture, to cruel punishment or to indignity.

CHAPTER III

Personal Liberties

Art. 7 - Everyone has the right to personal liberty.

WHEREAS...
WE DECLARE

COURAGE

A
MEDITATION
ON
BORDERS,
IMMIGRATION,
AND
HUMAN DIGNITY

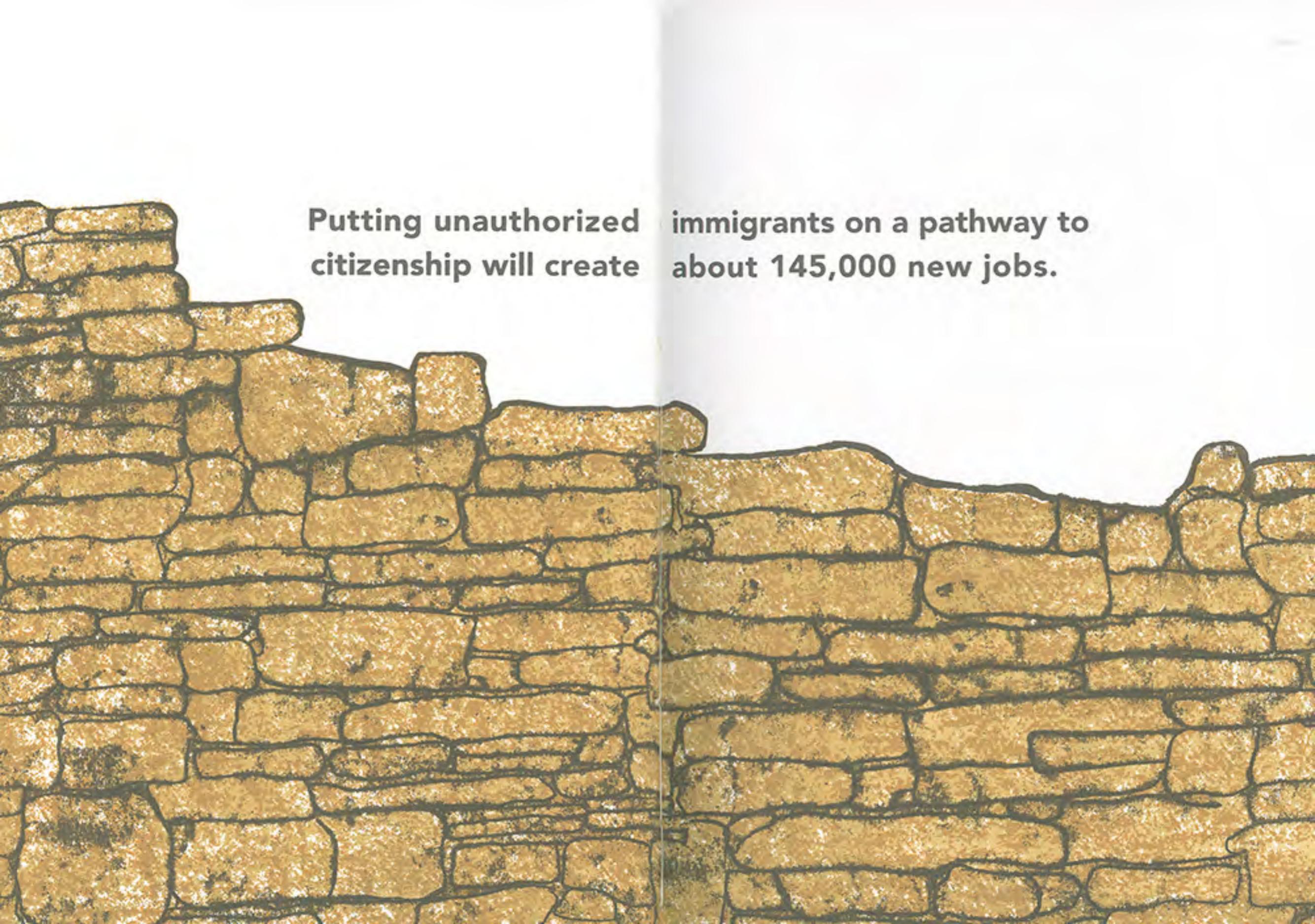
Choose a leader who will invest in building bridges, not walls. Books, not weapons. Morality, not corruption.

- Suzy Kassem

with a selection from the
Universal Declaration of Human Rights
adopted by the UN General Assembly on 10 December 1948



The first walls were made by prehistoric people standing or sitting side by side, keeping dangerous animals out and children in.



Putting unauthorized citizenship will create immigrants on a pathway to about 145,000 new jobs.

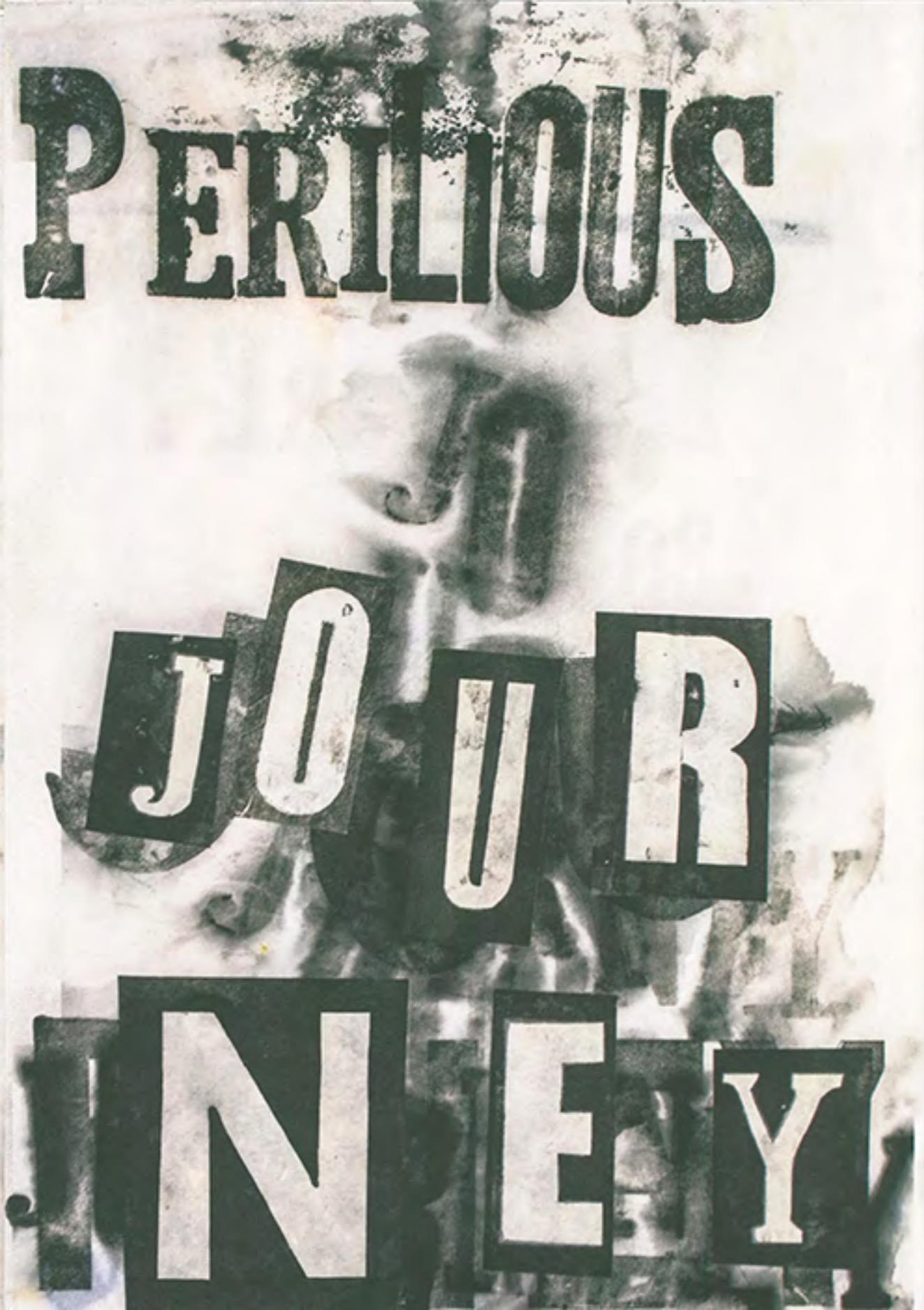
**NO ONE SHALL
BE SUBJECTED
TO ARBITRARY
ARREST,
DETENTION
OR EXILE.**





**ALL HUMAN
BEINGS ARE
BORN FREE
AND EQUAL
IN DIGNITY
AND RIGHTS.**

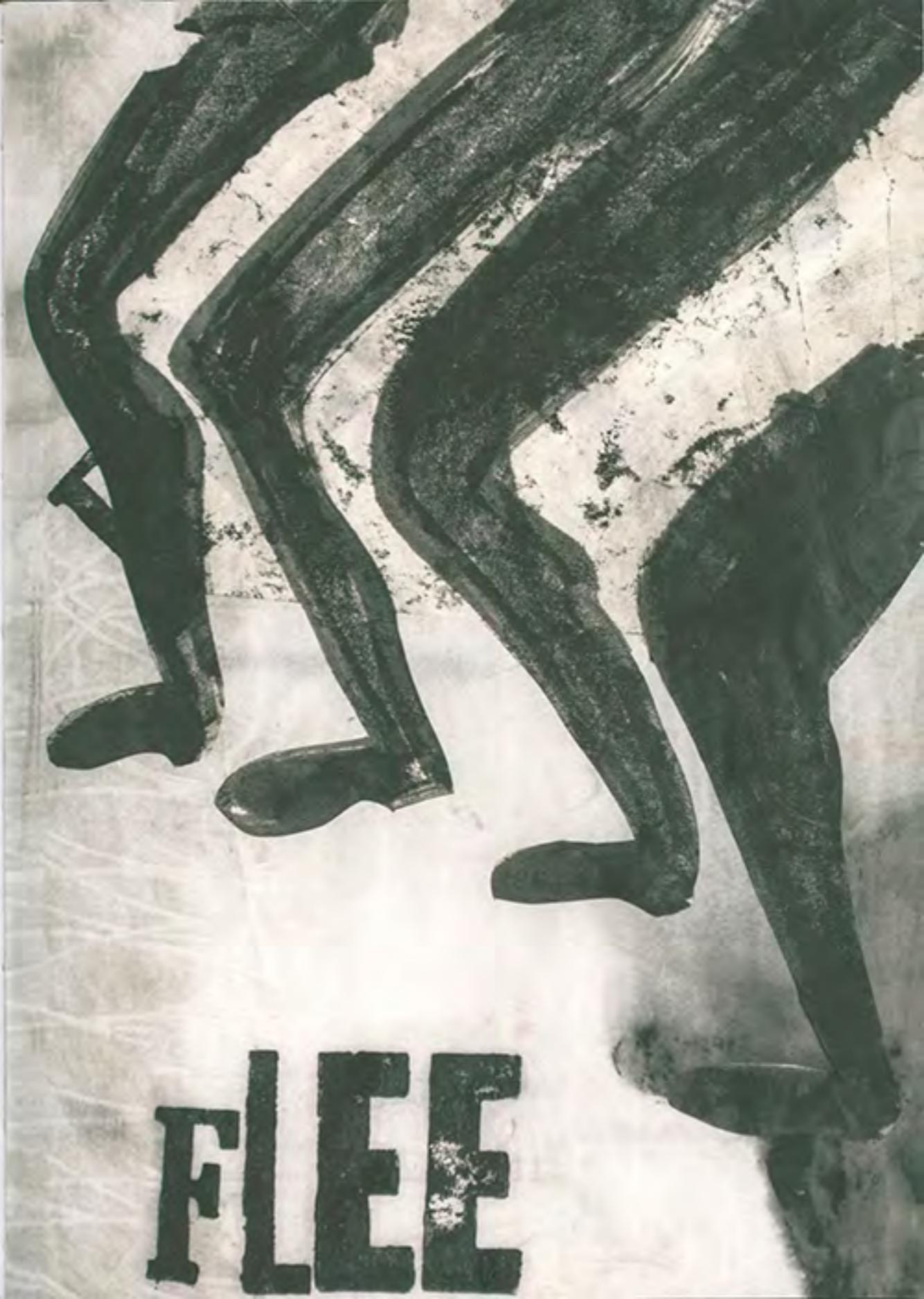
**PERILOUS
JOURNEY**



It will cost \$70,000 per each undocumented

immigrant to build a wall with Mexico.

**EVERYONE HAS
THE RIGHT TO
SEEK AND TO
ENJOY IN OTHER
COUNTRIES
ASYLUM FROM
PERSECUTION.**



FLEE

Deporting all undocumented immigrants

would shrink the labor force by 6.4% over

two decades and would decrease U.S.

gross domestic product by \$1.6 trillion.



NO ONE SHALL BE
HELD IN SLAVERY
OR SERVITUDE;
SLAVERY AND
THE SLAVE
TRADE SHALL
BE PROHIBITED
IN ALL
THEIR FORMS.



A photograph showing a person's lower body in profile, walking away from the viewer. The person is wearing dark trousers and dark shoes. They are walking along a path next to a chain-link fence. The fence is made of dark green metal and runs horizontally across the frame. The background is a light-colored, textured wall or surface.

FREE DO M
TO MOVE

**EVERYONE HAS
THE RIGHT TO
THE FREEDOM
OF MOVEMENT
AND RESIDENCE
WITHIN THE
BORDERS OF
EACH STATE.**

LACK

OF

WISDOM

WISDOM

WISDOM

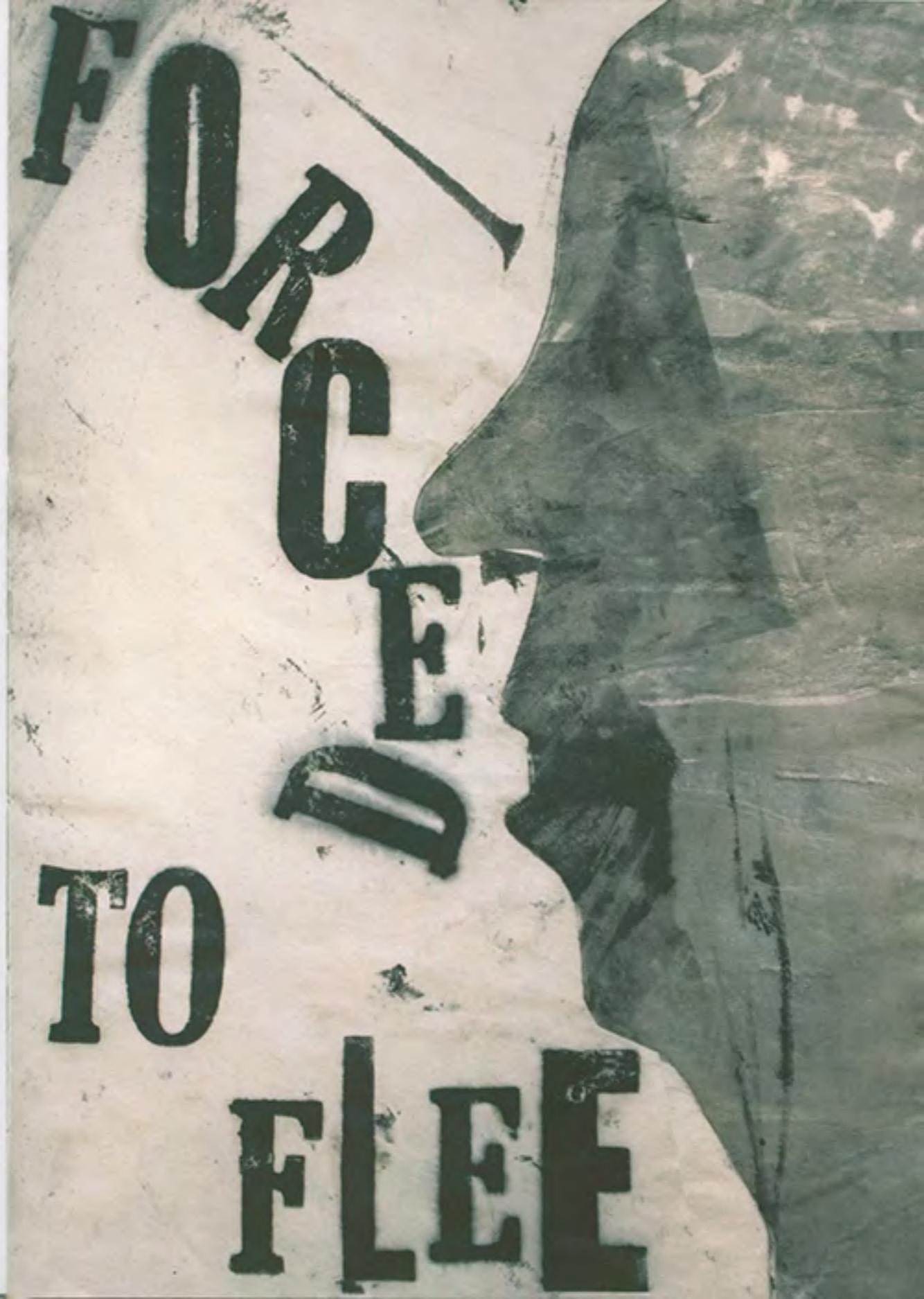




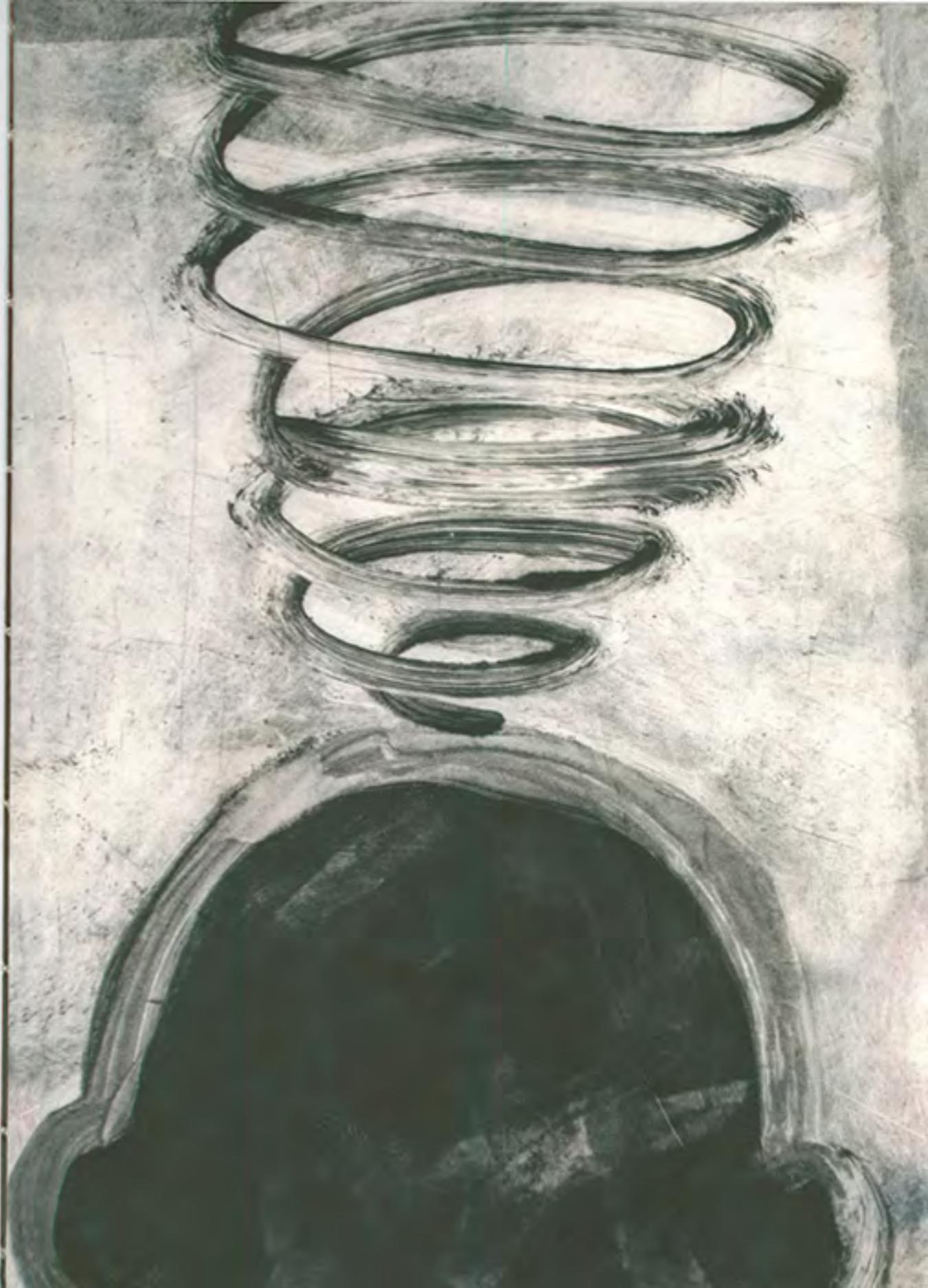
54 percent of patents were awarded to foreign born students, post doctoral fellows or staff.

**EVERYONE
HAS THE
RIGHT
TO A
NATIONALITY.**

**FOR
C
E
TO
FLEE**



EVERYONE HAS
THE **R**IGHT TO
FREEDOM OF
PEACEFUL
ASSEMBLY AND
ASSOCIATION.

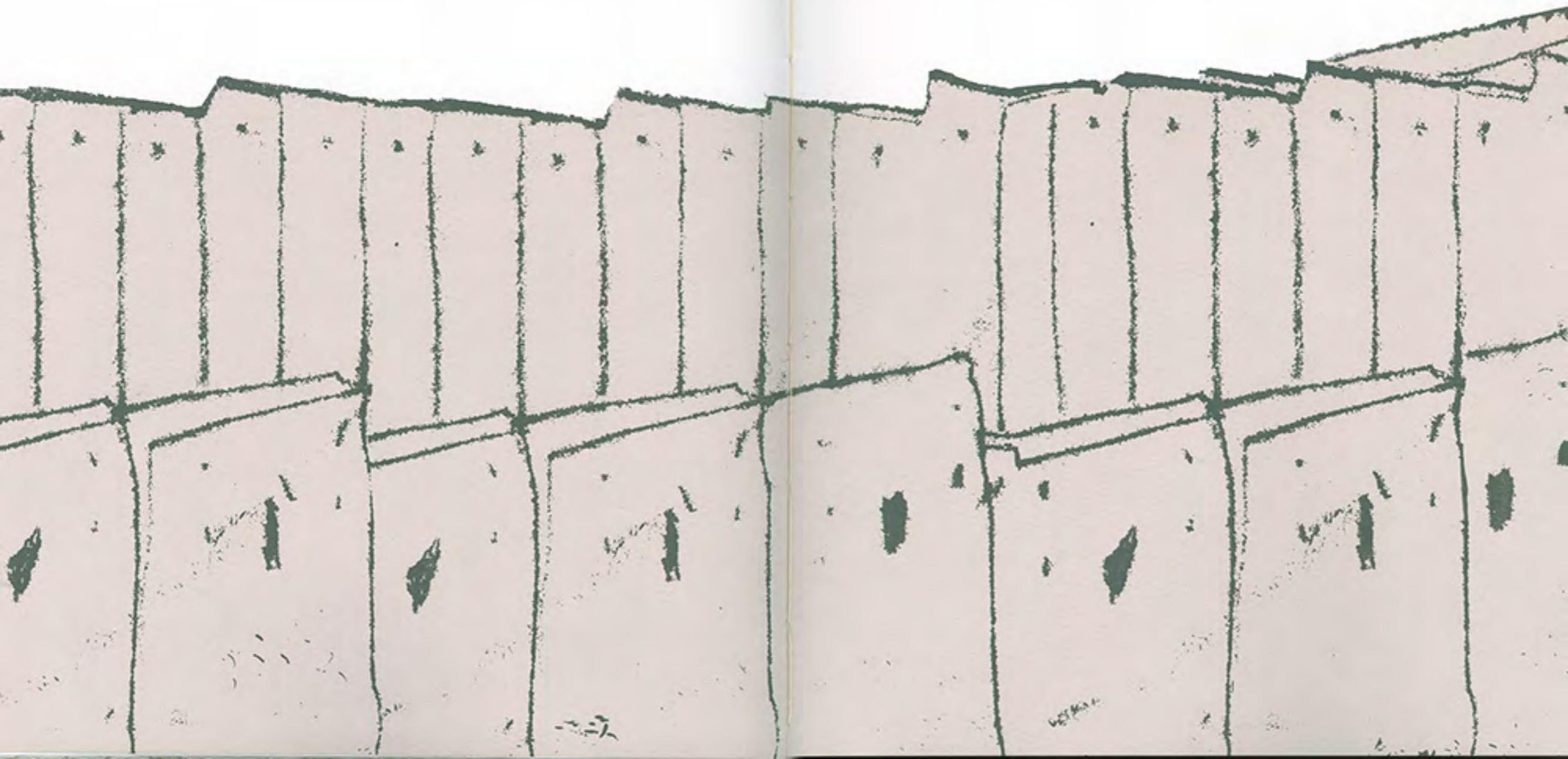




**EVERYONE HAS
THE RIGHT TO
LEAVE ANY
COUNTRY,
INCLUDING HIS
OWN, AND TO
RETURN TO
HIS COUNTRY.**

HIND

It costs \$180 a day to detain an individual.





NO ONE SHALL
BE SUBJECTED
TO TORTURE OR
CRUEL INHUMAN
OR DEGRADING
TREATMENT OR
PUNISHMENT.

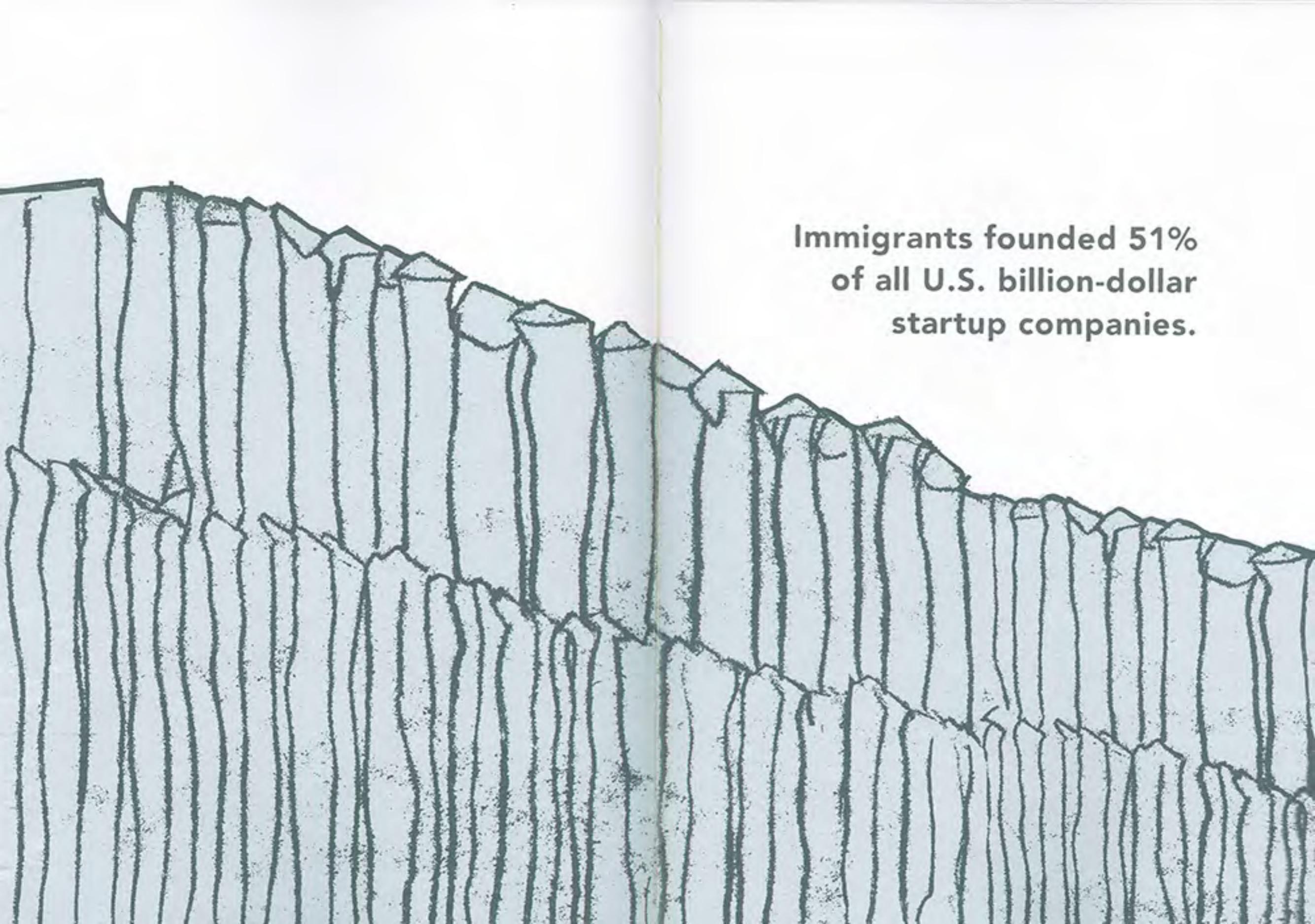


**EVERYONE HAS
THE RIGHT TO
LIFE, LIBERTY
AND SECURITY
OF PERSON.**

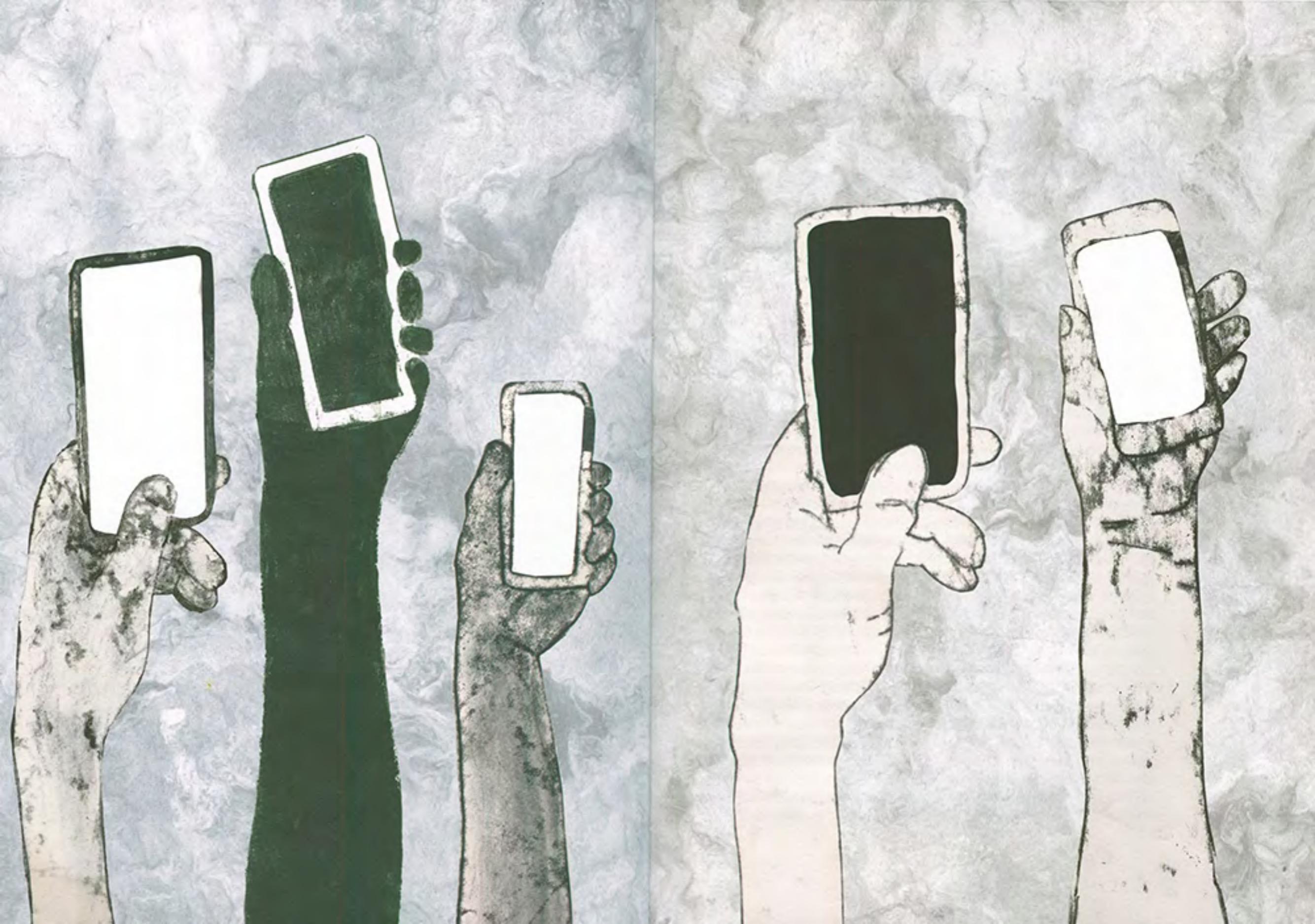


DILEMMA

ALEXIS
RENT
AHL



Immigrants founded 51%
of all U.S. billion-dollar
startup companies.



HABITATION

ERNESTO CHE GUEVARA, activist, Argentina • ZSA ZSA GABOR, actress, Hungary • ARSHILE GORKY, painter, Armenia • VICTOR DAVID GRUEN, designer of the first enclosed shopping mall in the United States, Austria • FELIX FRANKFURTER, supreme court justice, Austria • LUIS ENRIQUE, pop star, Nicaragua • HEDY LAMARR, actress, pioneered wireless communication, Austria • ARNOLD SCHWARZENEGGER, actor, politician, Austria • YOKO ONO, artist, Japan • SALMA HAYEK, actress, Mexico • RIHANNA, pop star, Barbados • NATALIE PORTMAN, actress, Israel • CESAR MILLAN, dog whisperer, Mexico • CARLOS SANTANA, guitarist, Mexico • M. NIGHT SHYAMALAN, filmmaker, India • AMAR BOSE, engineer and founder of Bose, India • ANTHONY QUINN, actor, Mexico • GUILLERMO DEL TORO, director, producer, novelist, Mexico • RICARDO MONTALBÁN, actor, Mexico • BRUCE WILLIS, actor, Germany • CHINUA ACHEBE, author, Nigeria • TREVOR NOAH, Daily Show host, South Africa • RUTH WESTHEIMER, psychologist, Germany • NEIL YOUNG, singer, engineer, activist, philanthropist, Canada • JOHN DOLLOND, inventor of the achromatic lens, England • ANN-MARGRET, actress, Sweden • CARY GRANT, actor, England • LOS TIGRES DEL NORTE, music group, Mexico • AUDREY HEPBURN, actress, Belgium • PIERRE OMIDYAR, eBay founder, France • NIELS BOHR, Nobel Prize winning physicist, Denmark • MOTHER JONES, first female labor activist, Ireland • DORISMAR, model, actress, Argentina • PRAMILA JAYAPAL, first female Indian-American member of the U.S. House of Representatives, India • WILLEM DE KOONING, painter, Netherlands • YUL BRYNNER, actor, Russia • AYN RAND, author, philosopher, Russia • CELIA CRUZ, singer, Cuba • KARL DANE, filmmaker, Denmark • STOKELY CARMICHAEL, civil rights activist, Trinidad and Tobago • CARL DJERASSI, inventor of the pill, Austria • BOB MARLEY, songwriter, Jamaica • SAMMY SOSA, baseball player, Dominican Republic • ÉLEUTHÈRE IRÉNÉE DU PONT, gunpowder manufacturer, founder of DuPont, France • RUDOLPH VALENTINO, film actor, Italy • ENRICO FERMI, scientist, physicist, Italy • DESI ARNAZ, actor, Cuba • MAX BORN, Nobel Prize winning physicist, Austria • LIZ CLAIRBORNE, designer of sportswear, Belgium • JOHN M. DEUTCH, director of CIA under Clinton, Belgium • JAIME ESCALANTE, educator, Bolivia • GLORIA ESTEFAN, pop singer, Cuba • MADELEINE ALBRIGHT, Secretary of State, Czechoslovakia • ANDREI CODRESCU, poet, Romania • JOSEPH SHUSTER, co-creator of Superman, Canada • MICHAEL J. FOX, actor and activist, Canada • HENRY KISSINGER, Secretary of State, Germany • JOHN KENNETH GALBRAITH, economist, Canada • JONI MITCHELL, singer, Canada • YO-YO MA, concert cellist, France • JOHN SUNUNU, White House Chief of Staff, Cuba • CHARLES STEINMETZ, alternating current pioneer, Germany • ABE BEAME, mayor of New York City, United Kingdom • FATHER EDWARD FLANAGAN, political activist, Catholic priest, Ireland • ISABEL ALLENDE, author, Chile • ILYA BOLOTOWSKY, artist, Russia • ROBERT

MORRIS, merchant, signatory, Declaration of Independence, Great Britain • WALTER KOHN, Nobel Prize winner, theoretical physicist, Austria • I.M. PEI, architect, China • GERTY CORI, Nobel Prize in physiology or medicine, Czechoslovakia • MARTINA NAVRATILOVA, tennis champion, Czechoslovakia • OSCAR DE LA RENTA, fashion designer, Dominican Republic • JAWED KARIM, co-founder of YouTube, Germany • CLAUDETTE COLBERT, actress, France • CHARLES FELTMAN, creator of America's first hot dog, Germany • RALPH BAER, inventor of the first video game console, Germany • KLAUS SCHMIEGEL, Prozac inventor, Germany • ALBERT CLAUDE, Nobel Prize winner, biologist, Belgium • W. MICHAEL BLUMENTHAL, Secretary of the Treasury, Germany • ALBERT EINSTEIN, theoretical physicist, author of theory of relativity, Germany • JOHN AUGUSTUS ROEBLING, designer of the Brooklyn Bridge, Germany • LEVI STRAUSS, co-creator of blue jeans, Germany • BILLY WILDER, writer, producer, Germany • HANS BETHE, Nobel Prize in physics, Germany • MAX FRANKEL, editor, New York Times, Germany • PIERRE TOUSSAINT, philanthropist, born a slave, Haiti • JENNIFER GRANHOLM, Governor of Michigan, Canada • ANGELA LANSBURY, actress, Great Britain • FREDDY ADU, soccer player, Ghana • SALLY JEWELL, Secretary of the Interior, Great Britain • SAMUEL GOLDWYN, founder of several motion picture studios, Poland • JERRY SPRINGER, TV personality and mayor of Cincinnati, Great Britain • ARIANNA HUFFINGTON, co-founder of Huffington Post, Greece • EDWIDGE DANTICAT, author, Haiti • CHIURA OBATA, artist, Japan • CHARLES SIMONYI, computer programmer, Hungary • JOSEPH PULITZER, publisher and philanthropist, Hungary • AYUB OMMAYA, neurosurgeon, inventor, Pakistan • GEORGE SOROS, businessman and philanthropist, Hungary • LOUISE BOURGEOIS, artist, France • ELIE WIESEL, author, Nobel Prize winner, Romania • ANDREW GROVE, CEO, Intel Corp., Hungary • ELIZABETH TAYLOR, actress, Great Britain • ANKIT AGARWAL, biochemical engineer, inventor of artificial skin resistant to bacteria, India • JAGDISH BHAGWATI, advocate of free trade, Columbia University, India • DEEPAK CHOPRA, author, India • KAHLIL GIBRAN, author, Lebanon • JACOB W. DAVIS, designer of jeans with Levi Strauss, Latvia • AUGUSTUS SAINT-GAUDENS, sculptor, ornithologist, Ireland • SUBRAHMANYAN CHANDRASEKHAR, astrophysicist, India • JAMES HOBAN, architect, White House designer, Ireland • PAMELA ANDERSON, actress, Canada • DIKEMBE MOTUMBO, basketball player and philanthropist, Congo • TONY ORTEGA, painter, Mexico • SAMANTHA POWER, ambassador to U.N., Ireland • ISAAC PERLMUTTER, financier, Marvel Entertainment, Israel • NAM JUNE PAIK, artist, the founder of video art, South Korea • DAVE MATTHEWS, musician, South Africa • IRVING BERLIN, composer, Russia • SAINT FRANCES X. CABRINI, first American canonized as a saint, Italy • ANTONIO MEUCCI, inventor, Italy • EVA HESSE, artist, Germany • ALEXANDER HAMILTON, Secretary of the Treasury, Saint Kitts & Nevis • DAG KITTLAUS, inventor of Siri, Norway •

IMMIGRANTS

STEPHEN POPLAWSKI, electric blender inventor, Poland • RET. GEN. JOHN SHALIKASHVILI, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff under Clinton, Poland • ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI, National Security Advisor, Poland • ALEKSANDR I. SOLZHENITSYN, author, Russia • MIKHAIL BARYSHNIKOV, ballet dancer, choreographer, Russia • ANG LEE, film director, screenwriter and producer, Taiwan • JERRY YANG, founder of Yahoo, Taiwan • CHRISTOPHER ISHERWOOD, author, Great Britain • GEORGE BALANCHINE, choreographer and ballet master, Russia • ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL, inventor of the telephone, Scotland • JOHN MUIR, environmental philosopher, father of U.S. National Parks, Scotland • MARIO MOLINA, Nobel Prize winning chemist, Mexico • NIKOLA TESLA, father of radio, inventor of alternating current, Serbia • IMAN, model, actress, Somalia • CHARLIZE THERON, actress, South Africa • ELON MUSK, investor, engineer, and inventor, founder of Tesla Motors, SpaceX, Hyperloop, Solar City, and PayPal, South Africa • WOO PAIK, the Father of HDTV, South Korea • MASAHIRO MORIMOTO, Iron Chef, Japan • PLÁCIDO DOMINGO, opera singer, Spain • GRETA GARBO, movie actress, Sweden • DAVID HO, AIDS researcher, Taiwan • BJARNE STROUSTRUP, inventor of C++ coding language, Denmark • ELIA KAZAN, film & theater director, Turkey • MAYA DEREN, filmmaker, Ukraine • JAN KOUM, WhatsApp founder, Ukraine • LEE STRASBERG, director, producer, actor, teacher, coach, Ukraine • EDDIE VAN HALEN, musician, composer, producer, Netherlands • MEL MARTINEZ, U.S. senator, Cuba • HAMDI ULUKAYA, CEO, Chobani Greek Yogurt, Turkey • SERGEY BRIN, co-founder of Google, Russia • MILA KUNIS, actress, Ukraine • PATRICK EWING, basketball player, Jamaica • ALEX TREBEK, television personality, Canada • WARNER OLAND, actor, Sweden • EDWARD G. ROBINSON, actor, Romania • AL JOLSON, dancer, actor, Lithuania • WAYNE WANG, filmmaker, Hong Kong • ARTHUR TRACY, radio personality, Russia • MARY PICKFORD, actress, Canada • LOUISE NEVELSON, artist, Russia • EDWARD BANNISTER, painter, Canada • RITA RODRIGUEZ, director Export-Import Bank, Puerto Rico • FAYEZ SAROFIM, investment banker, Egypt • AHMED ZEWAIL, chemist, Nobel Prize winner, Egypt • IMAD-AD-DEAN AHMAD, scholar, scientist, Palestine • FAZLUR RAHMAN KHAN, structural engineer, Bangladesh • SHAHID KHAN, business tycoon, Pakistan • ERNEST HAMWI, inventor of ice cream cones, Syria • WYCLEF JEAN, rapper, musician and actor, Haiti • YAO MING, basketball player, China • MARIO ANDRETTI, racing driver, Italy • XAVIER CUGAT, musician, band leader, actor, director, Spain • ANDY GARCIA, actor, director, Cuba • DEREK WALCOTT, writer, poet, Saint Lucia • MIKE NICHOLS, theatre and film director, producer, actor, comedian, Germany • SATYA NADELLA, computer scientist, CEO, Microsoft, India • MARIA SHARAPOVA, tennis player, Russia • ALBERTO GONZALES, Attorney General, Mexico • GUSTAVO SANTAOLALLA, musician and producer, Argentina • JORGE PEREZ,

real estate developer, art collector, Argentina • VLADIMIR HOROWITZ, pianist, Russia • FRANK MCCOURT, writer, Ireland • JORGE RAMOS, journalist, author, Mexico • JOSE GOMEZ, Archbishop of Los Angeles, Mexico • WOLFGANG PUCK, chef, Austria • JIM CARREY, movie star, Canada • PENÉLOPE CRUZ, actress, Spain • TONY PARKER, basketball player, Belgium • GURBAKSH CHAHAL, internet entrepreneur, India • DO WON CHANG, founder of Forever21, South Korea • VINOD DHAM, engineer, entrepreneur, venture capitalist, India • LOWELL HAWTHORNE, food entrepreneur, Jamaica • ANDREW LY, founder, Sugar Bowl Bakery, Vietnam • INDRA NOOYI, chief executive officer, PepsiCo, India • ALBERT CLAUDE, medical doctor, biologist, Nobel Prize in Medicine, Belgium • SAUL STEINBERG, cartoonist, illustrator, Romania • ALVAR AALTO, designer, architect, Finland • FRED HAYMAN, fashion designer, entrepreneur, Switzerland • MAX FACTOR, founder of cosmetics empire, Poland • EUGENE ORMANDY, conductor, Hungary • HYMAN RICKOVER, father of U.S. nuclear navy, Russia • ELISABETH KÜBLER-ROSS, psychiatrist, a pioneer in near-death studies, Switzerland • EDWARD TELLER, scientist, father of hydrogen bomb, Hungary • KNUTE ROCKNE, football player, Norway • MIKE MAZURKI, actor, Ukraine • WAYNE GRETZKY, hockey player, Canada • BÉLA KÁROLYI, gymnastics coach, Romania • GIAN CARLO MENOTTI, composer, Italy • SEIJI OZAWA, conductor, Japan • ARTHUR RUBINSTEIN, classical pianist, Poland • GENE SIMMONS, musician, Israel • ANDRÉ PREVIN, classical pianist, composer, conductor, Germany • PETER JENNINGS, journalist, Canada • TED KOPPEL, journalist, England • VLADIMIR NABOKOV, writer, Russia • ISAAC ASIMOV, writer, Russia • MARIA GOEPPERT-MAYER, physicist, Nobel Prize winner, Poland • MARY ANTIN, writer, immigration rights activist, Russia • THOMAS MANN, writer, social critic, Germany • RUBY KEELER, actress, dancer, Canada • MARCUS GARVEY, founder of Pan-Africanism, Jamaica • COLONEL TOM PARKER, music promoter, manager of Elvis Presley, Netherlands • TOM LANTOS, congressman, Hungary • WILLIAM SHATNER, actor, Canada • FRANK OZ, puppeteer, filmmaker, actor, England • ANOUSHEH ANSARI, engineer, entrepreneur, Iran • KHALED HOSSEINI, author, Afghanistan • PADMA LAKSHMI, author, model, actress, India • SOFÍA VERGARA, actress, Colombia • MARIANO RIVERA, Yankees all star pitcher, Panama • DEODATTA V. SHENAI-KHATKHATE, scientist, India • DANIEL AARON, CEO, Comcast, Germany • WILLIAM PROCTER, CEO, Procter & Gamble, Great Britain • JAMES GAMBLE, CEO, Procter & Gamble, Ireland • THOMAS COLE, painter, founder of the Hudson River School, England • SOPHIA LOREN, actress, Italy • MARK ROTHKO, painter, Latvia • W.H. AUDEN, poet, Great Britain • SERGEI RACHMANINOFF, pianist, composer, conductor, Russia • RIRKRIT TIRAVANIJA, artist, Argentina • FRANK CAPRA, film director, Italy • ALFONSO OSSORIO, painter, Phillipines • SHIRIN NESHAT, artist, Iran • MILOŠ FORMAN, film director, Czechoslovakia.

IT

MATT

ES



Universal Declaration of Human Rights

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS recognition of the inherent dignity and of the equal and inalienable rights of all members of the human family is the foundation of freedom, justice and peace in the world,

WHEREAS disregard and contempt for human rights have resulted in barbarous acts which have outraged the conscience of mankind, and the advent of a world in which human beings shall enjoy freedom of speech and belief and freedom from fear and want has been proclaimed as the highest aspiration of the common people;

WHEREAS it is essential, if man is not to be compelled to have recourse, as a last resort, to rebellion against tyranny and oppression, that human rights should be protected by the rule of law,

WHEREAS it is essential to promote the development of friendly relations between nations,

WHEREAS the peoples of the United Nations have in the Charter reaffirmed their faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in the equal rights of men and women and have determined to promote social progress and better standards of life in larger freedom,

WHEREAS Member States have pledged themselves to achieve, in cooperation with the United Nations, the promotion of universal respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms,

WHEREAS a common understanding of these rights and freedoms is of the greatest importance for the full realization of this pledge,

NOW, THEREFORE., The General Assembly proclaims this Universal Declaration of Human Rights as a common standard of achievement for all peoples and all nations, to the end that every individual and every organ of society, keeping this Declaration constantly in mind, shall strive by teaching and education to promote respect for these rights and freedoms and by progressive measures, national and international, to secure their universal and effective recognition and observance, both among the peoples of Member States themselves and among the peoples of territories under their jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 1

All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights. They are endowed with reason and conscience and should act towards one another in a spirit of brotherhood.

ARTICLE 2

Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration, without distinction of any kind, such as race, color, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status.

Furthermore, no distinction shall be made on the basis of the political, jurisdictional or international status of the country or territory to which a person belongs, whether it be independent, trust, non-self-governing or under any other limitation of sovereignty.

ARTICLE 3

Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person.

ARTICLE 4

No one shall be held in slavery or servitude; slavery and the slave trade shall be prohibited in all their forms.

ARTICLE 5

No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

ARTICLE 6

Everyone has the right to recognition everywhere as a person before the law.

ARTICLE 7

All are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to equal protection of the law. All are entitled to equal protection against any discrimination in violation of this Declaration and against any incitement to such discrimination.

ARTICLE 8

Everyone has the right to an effective remedy by the competent national tribunals for acts violating the fundamental rights granted him by the constitution or by law.

ARTICLE 9

No one shall be subjected to arbitrary arrest, detention or exile.

ARTICLE 10

Everyone is entitled in full equality to a fair and public hearing by an independent and impartial tribunal, in the determination of his rights and obligations and of any criminal charge against him.

ARTICLE 11

1. Everyone charged with a penal offence has the right to be presumed innocent until proved guilty according to law in a public trial at which he has had all the guarantees necessary for his defense.
2. No one shall be held guilty of any penal offence on account of any act or omission which did not constitute a penal offence, under national or international law, at the time when it was committed. Nor shall a heavier penalty be imposed than the one that was applicable at the time the penal offence was committed.

ARTICLE 12

No one shall be subjected to arbitrary interference with his privacy, family, home or correspondence, nor to attacks upon his honor and reputation. Everyone has the right to the protection of the law against such interference or attacks.

ARTICLE 13

1. Everyone has the right to freedom of movement and residence within the borders of each State.
2. Everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country.

ARTICLE 14

1. Everyone has the right to seek and to enjoy in other countries asylum from persecution.
2. This right may not be invoked in the case of prosecutions genuinely arising from non-political crimes or from acts contrary to the purposes and principles of the United Nations.

ARTICLE 15

1. Everyone has the right to a nationality.
2. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his nationality nor denied the right to change his nationality.

ARTICLE 16

1. Men and women of full age, without any limitation due to race, nationality or religion, have the right to marry and to found a family. They are entitled to equal rights as to marriage, during marriage and at its dissolution.
2. Marriage shall be entered into only with the free and full consent of the intending spouses.
3. The family is the natural and fundamental group unit of society and is entitled to protection by society and the State.

ARTICLE 17

1. Everyone has the right to own property alone as well as in association with others.
2. No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his property.

ARTICLE 18

Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion; this right includes freedom to change his religion or belief, and freedom, either alone or in community with others and in public or private, to manifest his religion or belief in teaching, practice, worship and observance.

ARTICLE 19

Everyone has the right to freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers.

ARTICLE 20

1. Everyone has the right to freedom of peaceful assembly and association.
2. No one may be compelled to belong to an association.

ARTICLE 21

1. Everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives.
2. Everyone has the right of equal access to public service in his country.

3. The will of the people shall be the basis of the authority of government; this will shall be expressed in periodic and genuine elections which shall be by universal and equal suffrage and shall be held by secret vote or by equivalent free voting procedures.

ARTICLE 22

Everyone, as a member of society, has the right to social security and is entitled to realization, through national effort and international co-operation and in accordance with the organization and resources of each State, of the economic, social and cultural rights indispensable for his dignity and the free development of his personality.

ARTICLE 23

1. Everyone has the right to work, to free choice of employment, to just and favourable conditions of work and to protection against unemployment.
2. Everyone, without any discrimination, has the right to equal pay for equal work.
3. Everyone who works has the right to just and favourable remuneration ensuring for himself and his family an existence worthy of human dignity, and supplemented, if necessary, by other means of social protection.
4. Everyone has the right to form and to join trade unions for the protection of his interests.

ARTICLE 24

Everyone has the right to rest and leisure, including reasonable limitation of working hours and periodic holidays with pay.

ARTICLE 25

1. Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing and medical care and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.
2. Motherhood and childhood are entitled to special care and assistance. All children, whether born in or out of wedlock, shall enjoy the same social protection.

ARTICLE 26

3. Everyone has the right to education. Education shall be free, at least in the elementary and fundamental stages. Elementary education shall be compulsory. Technical and professional education shall be made generally available and higher education shall be equally accessible to all on the basis of merit.
4. Education shall be directed to the full development of the human personality and to the strengthening of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms. It shall promote understanding, tolerance and friendship among all nations, racial or religious groups, and shall further the activities of the United Nations for the maintenance of peace.
5. Parents have a prior right to choose the kind of education that shall be given to their children.

ARTICLE 27

1. Everyone has the right freely to participate in the cultural life of the community, to enjoy the arts and to share in scientific advancement and its benefits.
2. Everyone has the right to the protection of the moral and material interests resulting from any scientific, literary or artistic production of which he is the author.

ARTICLE 28

Everyone is entitled to a social and international order in which the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration can be fully realized.

ARTICLE 29

1. Everyone has duties to the community in which alone the free and full development of his personality is possible.
2. In the exercise of his rights and freedoms, everyone shall be subject only to such limitations as are determined by law solely for the purpose of securing due recognition and respect for the rights and freedoms of others and of meeting the just requirements of morality, public order and the general welfare in a democratic society.
3. These rights and freedoms may in no case be exercised contrary to the purposes and principles of the United Nations.

ARTICLE 30

Nothing in this Declaration may be interpreted as implying for any State, group or person any right to engage in any activity or to perform any act aimed at the destruction of any of the rights and freedoms set forth herein.



WHILE A FENCE
SURE PROTECTS
THE FENCED; IT
ALSO IMPRISONs
THE PROTECTED.

Mokokoma Mokhonoana

Of the then 58 members of the United Nations, 48 voted in favor of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, none against, eight abstained, and two did not vote.

SIGNATORIES	ABSTAINED
Afghanistan	India
Argentina	Iran
Australia	Iraq
Belgium	Lebanon
Bolivia	Liberia
Brazil	Luxembourg
Burma	Mexico
Canada	Netherlands
Chile	New Zealand
China	Nicaragua
Colombia	Norway
Costa Rica	Pakistan
Cuba	Panama
Denmark	Paraguay
Dominican Republic	Peru
Egypt	Philippines
Ecuador	Siam
El Salvador	Sweden
Ethiopia	Syria
France	Turkey
Greece	United Kingdom
Guatemala	United States of America
Haiti	Uruguay
Iceland	Venezuela

Spiritual society, a society without borders –
that's the hope of the world, that's the future.

Marquis de Custine

With gratitude to Eleanor Roosevelt
for her far-reaching vision.

Whereas We Declare was published by Women's Studio Workshop in Rosendale, NY. This book is silkscreen and digitally printed on Somerset Book. The cover image is from the draft of Preamble of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights annotated by Eleanor Roosevelt, courtesy of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library and Museum in Hyde Park, NY.

Special thanks to Anita Wetzel, Diane Attebury, Laura Salgarolo, Sarah Gordon, David Court, Susan Righi, Rachel Myers, Scott Denman, and Chris Petrone for their expert advice and assistance. Quotes courtesy of Suzy Kassem and Mokokoma Mokhonoana and Marquis de Custine.



KaKeArt

Tatana Kellner
&
Ann Kalmbach

ISBN 978-1-943039-13-5
© 2018 KaKeArt

Published by
Women's Studio Workshop
Rosendale, New York

Preamble

We, the Peoples of the United Nations, ~~pledge~~

Déclaration
des Droits
de l'Homme

1. - Considering that ignorance and contempt of human rights have been among the principal causes of the sufferings of humanity and, in particular, of the massacres which have polluted the World during the World Wars; and

Preamble of
Sec. Draft

2. - ~~Whereas~~ there can be no peace unless human rights and freedoms are respected; and there can be no human freedom or dignity unless war and the threat of war is abolished; and ~~we~~ ^{the} ~~allied~~ ^{United Nations} peoples

Charter and U.K. Draft

3. - Whereas the institution of conditions wherein human beings, free to speak and believe, will be protected against fear and want has been proclaimed as the supreme aim of the recent strife; and

Charter and U.K. Draft

4. - Whereas, in the Charter of June 26th 1945, we have reaffirmed our faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in equality of the rights of men and women; and

U.K. Draft

5. - Whereas it is one of the purposes of the United Nations to achieve international cooperation in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion; and

U.K. Draft

6. - Whereas the enjoyment of such rights and freedoms by all persons
-must be protected by the Commonwealth of Nations and secured by
international as well as national laws;

Now, therefore, we the Peoples of the United Nations have resolved to define in a solemn Declaration the essential rights and fundamental freedoms of man, so that this Declaration, being for ever present to the minds of all members of the human community, may constantly remind them of their rights and duties and that the United Nations

principles so declared; and
the Member States may constantly apply the
principles so declared; and

Have therefore adopted the following Declarations:

CHAPTER I *First Chapter*

Article 1 - Human beings belonging to the community of Mankind are free of equal dignity and rights and must consider themselves as brothers.

Article 2 - It is the duty of every community to give each of its members equal opportunity for the full development of his physical, intellectual and moral personality, without one being sacrificed to others.

Article 3 - As human beings cannot live and develop themselves without the help
and support of the ~~community~~ ^{family}, each one owes to the community
fundamental duties which are: obedience to law, exercise of a useful
activity, willful participation in obligations and sacrifices
demanded for the common good.

~~Article 1 - The rights of each one are limited by the rights of others.~~

Art. 2 Sec.
Draft and U.S.

Article 5 - Law is equal for all. It commands to public authorities and judges as well as to individuals. Everything that is not prohibited by law cannot be legally prevented.

H. J. Chapman

The right to life and physical integrity.

Article 6 - Everyone has the right to life and physical integrity. No one, even, when guilty, shall be subjected to torture, to cruel punishment or to indignity.

CHAPTER III

Personal Liberties

Article 7 - Everyone has the right to personal liberty.

